Legal and Democratic Services



#### LICENSING AND PLANNING POLICY COMMITTEE

Thursday 28 July 2022 at 7.00 pm

Place: Council Chamber, EpsomTown Hall

Link for public online access to this meeting: <a href="https://attendee.gotowebinar.com/register/4347872921520077584">https://attendee.gotowebinar.com/register/4347872921520077584</a>
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The members listed below are summoned to attend the Licensing and Planning Policy Committee meeting, on the day and at the time and place stated, to consider the business set out in this agenda.

Councillor Steven McCormick (Chair)
Councillor Peter O'Donovan (ViceChairman)
Councillor Steve Bridger
Councillor Neil Dallen
Councillor Liz Frost

Councillor Rob Geleit Councillor Julie Morris Councillor Barry Nash Councillor Phil Neale Councillor Peter Webb

Yours sincerely

Interim Chief Executive

For further information, please contact Democratic Services, email: democraticservices@epsom-ewell.gov.uk or tel: 01372 732000

#### **EMERGENCY EVACUATION PROCEDURE**

No emergency drill is planned to take place during the meeting. If the fire alarm sounds continuously, or if you are instructed to do so, you must leave the building by the nearest available exit. You will be directed to the nearest exit by council staff. It is vital that you follow their instructions.

- You should proceed calmly; do not run and do not use the lifts;
- Do not stop to collect personal belongings;
- Once you are outside, please do not wait immediately next to the building, but move to the assembly point at Dullshot Green and await further instructions; and
- Do not re-enter the building until told that it is safe to do so.

#### Public information

## Please note that this meeting will be held at the Town Hall, Epsom and will be available to observe live on the internet

This meeting will be open to the press and public to attend as an observer using free GoToWebinar software, or by telephone.

A link to the online address for this meeting is provided on the first page of this agenda and on the Council's website. A telephone connection number is also provided on the front page of this agenda as a way to observe the meeting, and will relay the full audio from the meeting as an alternative to online connection. A limited number of seats will also be available in the public gallery at the Town Hall. For further information please contact Democratic Services, email: <a href="mailto:democraticservices@epsom-ewell.gov.uk">democraticservices@epsom-ewell.gov.uk</a>, telephone: 01372 732000.

Information about the terms of reference and membership of this Committee are available on the <u>Council's website</u>. The website also provides copies of agendas, reports and minutes.

Agendas, reports and minutes for the Committee are also available on the free Modern.Gov app for iPad, Android and Windows devices. For further information on how to access information regarding this Committee, please email us at <a href="mailto:Democraticservices@epsom-ewell.gov.uk">Democraticservices@epsom-ewell.gov.uk</a>.

#### **Exclusion of the Press and the Public**

There are no matters scheduled to be discussed at this meeting that would appear to disclose confidential or exempt information under the provisions Schedule 12A of the Local Government (Access to Information) Act 1985. Should any such matters arise during the course of discussion of the below items or should the Chairman agree to discuss any other such matters on the grounds of urgency, the Committee will wish to resolve to exclude the press and public by virtue of the private nature of the business to be transacted.

#### **Questions from the Public**

Questions from the public are permitted at meetings of the Committee. Any person wishing to ask a question at a meeting of the Committee must register to do so, as set out below.

Up to 30 minutes will be set aside for written or oral questions from any member of the public who lives, works, attends an educational establishment or owns or leases land in the Borough on matters within the Terms of Reference of the Licensing and Planning Policy Committee which may not include matters listed on a Committee Agenda.

All questions whether written or oral must consist of one question only, they cannot consist of multi parts or of a statement.

The question or topic may not relate to a specific planning application or decision under the Planning Acts, a specific application for a licence or permit of any kind, the personal affairs of an individual, or a matter which is exempt from disclosure or confidential under the Local Government Act 1972. Questions which in the view of the Chairman are vexatious or frivolous will not be accepted.

To register to ask a question at a meeting of the Committee, please contact Democratic Services, email: democraticservices@epsom-ewell.gov.uk, telephone: 01372 732000.

Written questions must be received by Democratic Services by noon on the tenth working day before the day of the meeting. For this meeting this is **Noon**, **14 July 2022**.

Registration for oral questions is open until noon on the second working day before the day of the meeting. For this meeting this is **Noon**, **26 July 2022**.

#### **AGENDA**

#### 1. QUESTION TIME

To take any questions from members of the Public.

#### 2. DECLARATIONS OF INTEREST

Members are asked to declare the existence and nature of any Disclosable Pecuniary Interests in respect of any item of business to be considered at the meeting.

#### 3. MINUTES OF PREVIOUS MEETING (Pages 5 - 6)

The Committee is asked to confirm as a true record the Minutes of the Meeting of the Committee held on 21 June 2022 (attached) and to authorise the Chairman to sign them.

## **4. EPSOM AND EWELL STATEMENT OF COMMUNITY INVOLVEMENT** (Pages 7 - 76)

This paper is submitted to the Licencing and Planning Policy Committee for a recommendation to adopt the revised Statement of Community Involvement, following the four-week public consultation that was undertaken, in line with our statutory requirements.



## Minutes of the Meeting of the LICENSING AND PLANNING POLICY COMMITTEE held on 21 June 2022

#### PRESENT -

Councillor Steven McCormick (Chair); Councillors Steve Bridger, Kate Chinn (as nominated substitute for Councillor Rob Geleit), Neil Dallen, Julie Morris, Phil Neale, Humphrey Reynolds (as nominated substitute for Councillor Liz Frost) and Peter Webb

Absent: Councillor Peter O'Donovan, Councillor Liz Frost, Councillor Rob Geleit and Councillor Barry Nash

Officers present: Victoria Potts (Head of Place Development) and Stephanie Gray (Senior Democratic Services Officer)

#### 7 QUESTION TIME

No questions were received from members of the public.

#### 8 DECLARATIONS OF INTEREST

No declarations of interest were made by Councillors in respect of items on the agenda.

#### 9 MINUTES OF PREVIOUS MEETING

The Minutes of the Meeting of the Licensing and Planning Policy Committee held on 26 May 2022 were agreed as a true record and signed by the Chair.

#### 10 LOCAL PLAN FUNDING UPDATE

The Committee received a report providing an updated financial position in regard to preparing a new Local Plan in line with the recently approved Local Plan timetable.

The Committee considered the following matters:

a) Cost of Local Plan to date: A councillor enquired as to the amount of money spent to date, on the Local Plan. An officer confirmed that this amount will be calculated and then conveyed to Members.

- b) Impact of pandemic on the cost of Local Plan: A councillor enquired as to the impact of the pandemic on the cost of the Local Plan, and whether this cost had been recovered from government. It was noted that this cost had not been quantified, and also that it was generally accepted that many local authorities are out of pocket as a result of the pandemic.
- c) Cost of the next Local Plan: an officer confirmed that once an updated Local Plan is in place, the successive reviews thereof should not have to be as extensive as the current review, and should therefore not be as costly to achieve.

Following consideration, it was resolved to:

- (1) Note the financial update position with regards to the Local Plan and Planning Policy staffing funding.
- (2) Note the potential shortfall in funding for 2023/24 and 2024/25.
- (3) Agree to delegate authority to the Chair of Licensing and Planning Policy Committee in conjunction with the Head of Place Development to effectively and efficiently use the Local Plan funds to deliver an upto-date and robust Regulation 19 Proposed Submission Local Plan in line with the recently approved Local Plan timetable.

The meeting began at 7.30 pm and ended at 7.48 pm

COUNCILLOR STEVEN MCCORMICK (CHAIR)

#### EPSOM AND EWELL STATEMENT OF COMMUNITY INVOLVEMENT

**Head of Service:** Victoria Potts, Head of Place Development

Wards affected: (All Wards);

Urgent Decision?(yes/no) No

If yes, reason urgent decision

required:

**Appendices (attached): Appendix** Appendix 1: Statement of Community

Involvement (July 2022)

Appendix 2: Consultation Statement

#### Summary

This paper is submitted to the Licencing and Planning Policy Committee for a recommendation to adopt the revised Statement of Community Involvement, following the four-week public consultation that was undertaken, in line with our statutory requirements.

#### Recommendation (s)

#### The Committee is asked to:

- (1) Adopt the revised Statement of Community Involvement (Appendix 1 of this report)
- (2) Note the consultation statement (Appendix 2 of this report) and the changes made to the SCI as a result of comments received during the consultation period.

#### 1 Reason for Recommendation

1.1 The Council is required to prepare a Statement of Community Involvement (SCI) setting out how local communities, businesses and other interested groups can be involved when we prepare our planning policies and determine planning applications.

- 1.2 The Councils current SCI was adopted in November 2019 and since this time, new digital approaches to public consultation have emerged and gained traction as a result of the Covid-19 Pandemic. There have also been changes to legislation which has resulted in some of the content of the current SCI being out of date, such as the process for preparing a Community Infrastructure Levy (CIL) charging schedule.
- 1.3 In addition to legislative changes, there are some inconsistencies within the current SCI which have been addressed in the revised draft, for example when press notices are required to be published to publicise planning applications. This has been achieved through restructuring the document and updating the information presented to align with legislative requirements and the planning practice guidance.
- 1.4 Having an up-to-date Statement of Community Involvement is a requirement for the Local Planning Authority and ensures engagement is being undertaken in accordance with legislative requirements and good practice.
- 1.5 The Council undertook a four-week public consultation on the draft SCI (2022) between 6 June and 4 July 2022. 19 organisation or individuals responded to the consultation which are detailed in the Consultation Statement (Appendix 2) along with any changes made to the final SCI (Appendix 1). It is encouraging that 8 individuals or organisations responded using our online consultation portal.
- 1.6 Upon adoption, the revised Statement of Community Involvement (2022) will supersede the Statement of Community of Involvement adopted in 2019.

#### 2 Background

- 2.1 The preparation of a SCI is a legal requirement of the Planning and Compulsory Purchase Act 2004 (section 18) as amended by the Planning Act 2008, the Localism Act 2011 and the Neighbourhood Planning Act 2017. This legislation requires the Local Planning Authority (in this case the Council) to prepare a statement for how it will involve those with an interest in development in the area, including the preparation and review of the Local Plan and Supplementary Planning Documents, Neighbourhood Plans/Orders, Community Infrastructure Levy and the consideration of planning applications. It is also a requirement to update the SCI every five years.
- 2.2 The purpose of the Statement of Community Involvement is to set out how people and groups can engage with the planning system in the best way by setting out how the public, businesses and interest groups within Epsom and Ewell Borough can get involved in the creation of local planning policy, neighbourhood planning and the planning application decision making process.

- 2.3 The Statement of Community Involvement has been updated to provide more information on how people and organisations can get involved in the development of planning policy documents at specific (statutory) stages of their development.
- 2.4 The core changes to the document are that it has been restructured with greater use of tables to demonstrate how people can get involved at different stages of the plan making process. In addition, the document has been amended to reflect changes to the CIL regulations which have removed the need to consult on a Preliminary Draft Charging Schedule.

#### 3 Risk Assessment

Legal or other duties

- 3.1 Equality Impact Assessment
  - 3.1.1 The Revised Statement of Community Involvement identifies a range of consultation methods for the development of planning policy documents to enable participation by all.
- 3.2 Crime & Disorder
  - 3.2.1 None arising from this report
- 3.3 Safeguarding
  - 3.3.1 None arising from this report
- 3.4 Dependencies
  - 3.4.1 The preparation of the new Local Plan must be prepared in conformity with the adopted Statement of Community Involvement. It is therefore critical to ensure the SCI supports the preparation of the new Local Plan and is in place at the earliest opportunity in its preparation to provide a robust framework for engagement. This is also important to set out how the Council will consult on planning applications for development.
- 3.5 Other
  - 3.5.1 None arising from this report

#### 4 Financial Implications

- 4.1 There are no direct resource implications. Costs will be met within existing resources and budgets
- 4.2 **Section 151 Officer's comments**: None arising from the contents of this report.

#### 5 Legal Implications

- 5.1 There are legal issues to consider in adopting the SCI, in relation to satisfying the necessary regulations. The preparation of a SCI is a legal requirement of the Planning and Compulsory Purchase Act 2004 (section 18) as amended by the Planning Act 2008, the Localism Act 2011 and the Neighbourhood Planning Act 2017.
- 5.2 Legal Officer's comments: Under section 18(1) of Planning and Compulsory Purchase Act 2004 a local planning authority must prepare a Statement of Community Involvement. The statement of community involvement is a local planning authority's statement as to the involvement in the exercise of the authority's functions under sections 19, 26 and 28 of the Act in relation to development control and persons who appear to the authority to have an interest in matters relating to development in their area. The statement will apply to the preparation and revision of local development documents and to the exercise of the authority's functions in relation to development control. The statement will be subject to independent examination as if it were a development plan document.
- 5.3 Under section 149 of Equality Act 2010 the Council has a public sector equality duty. Section 149 of the Equality Act 2010 requires a public authority in the exercise of its functions to have due regard to the need to (a) eliminate discrimination, harassment, victimisation and any other conduct that is prohibited by or under the Act, (b) advance equality of opportunity between persons who share a relevant protected characteristic and persons who do not share it and (c.) foster good relations between persons who share a relevant protected characteristic and persons who do not share it.
- The relevant protected characteristics are age, disability, gender reassignment, pregnancy and maternity, race, religion or belief, sex (gender) and sexual orientation. The Council's public sector equality duty has been complied with in the production of the revised Statement of Community Involvement and the consultation statement.
- 5.5 The Human Rights Act 1998 has been considered and complied with in the production of the revised Statement of Community Involvement and consultation statement.
- 5.6 The Statement of Community Involvement must be reviewed and kept up to date therefore the Council has the power to adopt the revised Statement of Community Involvement.

#### 6 Policies, Plans & Partnerships

- 6.1 **Council's Key Priorities**: The following Key Priorities are engaged:
- 6.2 The revised Statement of Community Involvement sets commitments as to how the Council will engage with the public at specific stages of Local Plan preparation. The Councils new Local Plan will contribute towards delivering the Council's vision and priorities in its Four-Year Plan.

- 6.3 **Service Plans**: The matter is included within the current Service Delivery Plan
- 6.4 **Climate & Environmental Impact of recommendations**: None for the purposes of this report
- 6.5 **Sustainability Policy & Community Safety Implications**: None for the purposes of this report
- 6.6 **Partnerships**: The SCI sets out to partners including residents how they can engage with the planning process

#### 7 Background papers

7.1 The documents referred to in compiling this report are as follows:

#### **Previous reports:**

- Statement of Community Involvement (May 2022)
- Statement of Community Involvement (November 2019)

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# Statement of Community Involvement July 2022

**Epsom & Ewell Borough Council** 

Epsom & Ewell Consultation Statement of Community Involvement July 2022

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#### 1.0 Introduction and Background

1.1 The council is committed to engaging with local people, organisations and businesses to get their views on different aspects of its work. This insight helps improve council services and is a key part of making good policy decisions. Planning directly affects the places where people live and work and meaningful public consultation and engagement on all aspects of planning is vital. It allows communities to have an input in the Planning system and by maintaining community involvement at the centre of what the council does, we can gain a real understanding of our communities' priorities. This helps the council to develop the right policies and proposals for the future.

#### What is a Statement of Community Involvement?

- 1.2 A Statement of Community Involvement (SCI) describes how the public, businesses and interested groups within Epsom and Ewell Borough can get involved in the creation of local planning policy, neighbourhood planning and the planning application decision making process.
- 1.3 The SCI identifies how people and groups can engage with the planning system in the best way. Effective consultation enables stakeholders and the public to express their views. The SCI complements the council's broader commitment to effective consultation and engagement, access to information and openness.

#### Why has a new Statement of Community Involvement been produced?

- 1.4 The preparation of a SCI is a legal requirement of the Planning and Compulsory Purchase Act 2004 (section 18) as amended by the Planning Act 2008, the Localism Act 2011 and the Neighbourhood Planning Act 2017. This legislation requires the Local Planning Authority (in this case the Council) to prepare a statement for how it will involve those with an interest in development in the area, including the preparation and review of the Local Plan and Supplementary Planning Documents, Neighbourhood Plans/Orders, Community Infrastructure Levy and the consideration of planning applications.
- 1.5 The Council recognises that there have been significant changes in the way communities and the Council interact. Access to the internet has increased and there has been a shift towards online virtual consultation, online meetings and visual collaboration platforms, correspondence by email and social media. However, despite these changes, there remains a significant number of people that are unable to use electronic forms of communication and access to information or prefer not to do so. As such, we will continue to ensure that

- consultation materials are available in a variety of formats and that there are varied ways of participating in consultations, subject to government guidelines in place at that time.
- 1.6 The SCI should be reviewed at least every five years. Therefore, the document will be assessed on a regular basis to ensure it remains appropriate and effective. This will also take account of any legislative changes and any resulting requirements.

#### Why should I / my community get involved?

- 1.7 The Planning process seeks to promote sustainable development through managing, guiding and facilitating the building of new homes, economic growth and investment, leisure and recreation facilities, retail and provision of new infrastructure. The principal purpose of the planning system is to ensure that new development meets the social and economic needs of our communities whilst at the same time protecting the natural and built environment.
- 1.8 Planning has a direct impact on the daily lives of residents and the business community therefore, it is very important that development proposals are transparent and that you have the opportunity to have a say in the planning decisions that are made by the Council. The public has a right to get involved and the only way that the Council will understand what people's views are, is if they are told by the public.
- 1.9 There are different aspects of the Planning system that people can get involved with such as, Planning Policy Documents, Planning Applications and Neighbourhood Planning. This SCI is designed to assist you with the different aspects of the planning system and provide you with information about how and when you can get involved.
- 1.10 The SCI is reviewed regularly to ensure it is in accordance with the regulations and the Council's consultation procedures. The Council will notify those registered to receive communications from the planning policy team, that the SCI has been updated.

#### 2.0 Getting Involved in Planning Policy

#### What is Planning Policy?

- 2.1 Planning Policy is the method by which the development of land and buildings is planned for, managed and controlled.
- 2.2 This is done through the creation of planning policies which are designed to guide future development in the borough, including how much development there should be and where it should go, and to aid the determination of planning applications.
- 2.3 Policies continually evolve with changing administrations, changes to legislation, lifestyles, environments and economic demands. It is the role of the Planning Policy team to develop, maintain, update and adapt policies on a local level to accommodate these changes.
- 2.4 There are various planning policy documents prepared by the Council, all with different processes for preparation and public involvement. Legislation details the minimum standards for publicity and consultation. The council will always meet these requirements. The core planning policy documents prepared by the Council are:
  - i) The Local Plan (Development Plan Documents)
  - ii) Supplementary Planning Documents
  - iii) The Community Infrastructure Levy Charging Schedule
- 2.5 In Surrey, planning policies relating to minerals and waste are prepared by Surrey County Council. Planning applications for minerals and waste developments are determined by Surrey County Council. The County Council is responsible for preparing and maintaining a Minerals and Waste Plan, providing the policy framework for new operations in the County. Epsom & Ewell Borough Council engages with the County in this process.
- 2.6 Surrey County Council adopted a Minerals and Waste Consultation Protocol in April 2022. This protocol sets out how the MWPA and Surrey's district and borough councils cooperate to ensure minerals and waste management development are considered during the preparation of local plans and determination of planning applications.
- 2.7 Further details about the programme for preparing these plans and opportunities for involvement in the process are published on Surrey County Council's website.

#### How can you get involved?

2.8 If you are interested in your area and would like to be involved in shaping future planned growth, then Planning Policy Documents will be relevant to you.

#### 2.9 You can:

- Sign up to receive <u>notifications</u> on local plan consultations.
- Read our <u>Local Development Scheme</u> to find out what documents are going to be produced and when.
- Monitor the Council's <u>Planning Policy</u> webpages for updates and latest news.
- Check if a <u>Neighbourhood Forum</u> has been established in your area to prepare a neighbourhood plan.

#### Who will the Council consult on Planning Policy Documents?

- 2.10 Government <u>Regulations</u> require us to ensure that certain organisations (known as Specific Consultation Bodies), are consulted at key stages during the preparation of planning policy documents. These include for example neighbouring Councils, the Environment Agency, Natural England, Historic England and utility companies. The full list of Specific Consultees is provided in Appendix A.
- 2.11 In addition to consulting Specific Consultation Bodies noted above, the Planning Policy Team has a further list of organisations, bodies, businesses, consultancies, landowners, voluntary bodies and bodies representing the interests of ethnic, religious or disabled groups for example, as well as individuals, that we will consult (known as General Consultation Bodies). Examples of General Consultation bodies are contained within Appendix A.
- 2.12 The above list is not exhaustive and is amended or added to as required. In some cases, we have a degree of discretion over whether to notify certain general bodies if the topic of the document in question is not likely to be of interest or relevance to that body. We will target consultation towards those most likely to be affected.
- 2.13 Planning Policy documents, where relevant are supported by additional documents such as a Sustainability Appraisal (SA) / Strategic Environmental Assessment (SEA) and technical studies (referred to as the evidence base). The Council will only provide paper copies of the main consultation documents (i.e. the Plan) and Sustainability Appraisal / Strategic Environmental

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Town and Country Planning Regulations 2012

Assessment for reference purposes at the Town Hall and local libraries. All evidence base reports will be publicly available on the Council's website, however should you wish to receive a hard copy of the consultation document and any evidence base document (this will be subject to staff costs of printing, postage and packaging) please contact the Planning Policy team.

#### **Consultation Principles – Planning Policy**

2.14 **To Inform:** The Planning Policy Team will inform people of the planning process and provide people with the information they need to get involved at the earliest opportunity possible. The following approaches, where relevant will be used to inform people:

#### **Statutory Requirements:**

- Electronic versions of the consultation documents will be made publicly available on the Council's website.
- Hard copies of the main consultation documents for reference use will be made available during normal opening hours at libraries within the borough and the Town Hall. This information will be made available as part of any consultation.
- Consultation notifications will be sent via email (or where no email address is held a letter will be posted) to, specific consultation bodies, general consultation bodies and to anyone who has registered to receive notifications of planning policy consultations using our consultation system or who has contacted the planning policy team requesting to be notified of planning policy consultations.
- 2.15 Additional notification methods that may be used to advertise consultation:
  - Advertised on the front page of the Council's website within the News section
  - Consultations publicised via social media Twitter / Facebook
- 2.16 **To Involve:** The Planning Policy Team will encourage the active participation of individuals, groups, landowners and developers in the planning process through a variety of techniques including the use of online services.
- 2.17 The Planning Policy Team, wherever possible, and where safe to do so, will undertake these consultation exercises in locations which are accessible to the

- local community. For example, at community halls or online and at a variety of times of the day.
- 2.18 **To Consult:** In order to understand the needs of different stakeholders, consultation methods will be as wide-ranging as possible, making the best use of new technologies and digital platforms, to actively engage and consult comprehensively.
- 2.19 **To Respond:** The Planning Policy Team will take account of all responses to consultations and will identify how views expressed in representations have been incorporated into the Council's decision-making processes.
- 2.20 Table 1 provides an assessment of different consultation methods that can be used in the development of planning policy documents with regards to their effectiveness. This table also provides useful information to be considered by local communities who wish to prepare Neighbourhood Plans.

**Table 1 – Consultation Methods for planning policy documents** 

Consultation Method	Benefits	Limitations
Electronic copy of consultation document and associated documents on the Council's website.	Relevant documents will be made available on the Council's website. The Council Offices in addition to local libraries, offer internet access and assistance to those who need it. There are also opportunities to respond to consultations via our online consultation portal, email, letter and using response forms.	<ul> <li>Not everyone has access to the internet.</li> <li>Not everyone is able to use the internet.</li> </ul>
Hard copies of main consultation documents and any key associated documents for reference use will be available during normal opening hours at the Town Hall and Libraries within the local planning authority area.	<ul> <li>Accessible location.</li> <li>Inclusive for those who do not have access to the internet or not able to use the internet.</li> <li>Easy to read.</li> <li>Reaches residents on cross boundary issues.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Restricted opening hours.</li> <li>Not able to take documents away.</li> </ul>

Consultation Method	Benefits	Limitations
We will notify Specific Consultation Bodies by email at the start of the consultation	<ul> <li>Direct notification.</li> <li>Provides accurate information.</li> </ul>	Contact details     may have changed     that the Council is     not aware of.
Notification emails / letters sent to those who have registered to receive notifications through our online consultation portal.	<ul> <li>Direct notification</li> <li>Provides accurate information</li> <li>People can remove their contact details at any time if they no longer wish to be kept informed</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Contact details may have changed that the Council is not aware of</li> <li>Not everyone has access to email</li> <li>May not be accessible for those people whose first language is not English</li> <li>May not be the most inclusive method for hard to reach groups</li> </ul>
Local newspapers – the notice will provide details of where and when documents can be inspected. It will also detail how and when to respond to consultation documents.	<ul> <li>Can reach a wide audience.</li> <li>Provides the public with accurate information.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>May not be accessible for those people whose first language is not English.</li> <li>May not be the most inclusive method for hard to reach groups.</li> </ul>
Social media	Effective way of reaching hard to reach including youth, people with limited time e.g. business/professional people, working people with families.	<ul> <li>Not everyone has access to the internet or a social media account.</li> <li>Difficult to manage posted comments / content.</li> </ul>

Consultation Method	Benefits	Limitations
	<ul> <li>Information can be accessed at anytime during the consultation period.</li> </ul>	
Posters / Leaflets	Can be used to advertise or inform local communities of planning policy consultations and where they can access further information.	<ul> <li>May not be located in places visited by all sectors of the community so not wholly inclusive.</li> <li>Limited information.</li> <li>May not be accessible for those people whose first language is not English.</li> </ul>
Public exhibitions (online or face to face)	<ul> <li>Enables people to access information on display boards.</li> <li>Provides the opportunity to speak with Council officers for further information / discuss concerns.</li> <li>Provides accessibility.</li> <li>People can fill out comment forms.</li> <li>This could be achieved by virtual exhibitions online or if possible; holding face to face exhibitions.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>May not be attended by hard-to-reach groups.</li> <li>May not be accessible for those people whose first language is not English.</li> <li>Creating and updating displays is expensive and time consuming.</li> <li>Not everyone has internet access.</li> </ul>
Council Officers attending Public Meetings	<ul> <li>Reaches out to people in the local area.</li> <li>Provides the opportunity to speak with Council Officers</li> </ul>	Need to ensure there is sufficient publicity in order to have a good attendance rate to encourage a constructive /

## Agenda Item 4 Appendix 1

Consultation Method	Benefits	Limitations	
	for further information / discuss concerns.  • Council Officers can understand the views of the public.	meaningful meeting.  Sometimes there can be too many views to be heard in a limited time frame.  People may not want to discuss their views in a public forum.  The loudest voices tend to get heard.  Not fully inclusive / representative of local community.  May not be accessible for those people whose first language is not English.	

#### 3.0 Involvement in Local Plans

- 3.1. The Local Plan is the statutory plan setting out the principal policies and proposals for land use and development in the borough. It contains the overall vision and objectives, the development strategy, allocates sites for development and sets out a suite of policies used in decision making on planning matters.
- 3.2 The process for preparing the Local Plan is summarised in Table 2 which identifies each of the stages and the key opportunities for community involvement in the process.

**Table 2: Statutory Stages of Local Plan Production** 

Key stages of production	Your opportunities for involvement
Initial Evidence Gathering and Informal Engagement  • Begin initial evidence gathering process (commissioning technical studies, identifying available sites, collating data, identifying the scope of the Plan).  • Formulate initial aims and objectives.	<ul> <li>Sign up to our <u>planning policy consultation database</u> to receive notifications on local plan consultations.</li> <li>Provide the Planning Policy Team with details of any sites you may wish to promote for development through the Call for Sites process.</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Start preparing the Sustainability Appraisal Scoping Report and collating baseline data.</li> <li>Identify relevant environmental<sup>2</sup>, economic and social objectives to inform the Sustainability Appraisal.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Provide the Planning Policy Team with any local evidence studies.</li> <li>Providing the Planning Policy Team with information on community facilities and key services in your local area.</li> <li>Providing the Planning Policy Team with information on</li> </ul>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Including climate change

Key stages of production	Your opportunities for involvement
Engage with consultation bodies set out in Appendix A	<ul> <li>infrastructure capacity in your local area.</li> <li>Where appropriate, the Council will publish evidence base documents once they have been finalised.</li> </ul>
Regulation 18: Consultation	
Initial Formal Public Consultation(s)	
<ul> <li>The Council will undertake public consultation for a period of 6 weeks.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Review the Local Plan, the Sustainability Appraisal and other supporting evidence base and identify any comments you may have.</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Engage with local communities, businesses and other interested parties.</li> </ul>	Submit a formal representation to the Council outlining your comments, support or objection.
<ul> <li>Engage with consultation bodies set out in Appendix A.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Attend any public exhibitions being held (online or face to face).</li> </ul>
	Please Note: All submitted representations will be made public and personal information will be removed in accordance with the Council's privacy policy, comments can be viewed by others.
Regulation 19: Proposed Submission Consultation	
2 <sup>nd</sup> Public Consultation and final consultation before submitting Plan for Examination	
The Planning Policy Team will review all the representations submitted during Regulation 18 consultation and make any	Review the Local Plan,     Sustainability Appraisal and     Habitat Regulations Assessment

Key stages of production	Your opportunities for involvement	
changes to the Plan where justified.  The Council will prepare a statement summarising how they consulted during the initial consultation(s), the key issues that came out of the consultation(s) and how these will be taken into account in amending the Plan.  The Council will undertake public consultation on the revised draft Plan, Sustainability Appraisal and Habitat Regulations Assessment for a period of 6 weeks.	and identify any comments you may have.  • If you submitted a representation during the previous consultation that remains unresolved, resubmit your representation if you wish to maintain your objection.  • Attend any public exhibitions (online or face to face).  Please Note: This is the final opportunity to submit a duly made representation.  You should be specific as to why you consider the Plan to be unsound, what change(s) you are seeking and why it would make the document sound.  The Planning Inspector will only consider written representations submitted during this stage as it is considered that these representations (objections) are unresolved.  It is important to note that any representations submitted during the Regulation 18 Consultation will not be	
Regulation 22: Submission of Local Plan		
Final Draft Plan		
<ul> <li>The Council will produce a statement setting out how it consulted throughout the development of the Plan, the issues raised and how the Plan has been amended to address relevant issues.</li> </ul>	The Council will notify those registered to be notified of planning policy consultations and those who submitted representations at the Regulation 19 stage, that the Local Plan has been submitted to the Secretary	

Key stages of production	Your opportunities for involvement
The Council will submit the Plan and any representations submitted during Regulation 19 and the Statement of Consultation to Secretary of State.	of State for independent examination.
<ul> <li>The Government will appoint a Planning Inspector to examine the plan.</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>The Planning Inspector will set the timetable for Examination in Public.</li> </ul>	
Examination of submitted Local Plan	
<ul> <li>An independent Inspector assesses the submitted Local Plan to determine whether it has been prepared in line with the Duty to Cooperate and other legal requirements.</li> </ul>	The Inspector will invite participants (via the Programme Officer) to speak at the hearing sessions on those matters and issues considered relevant by the Inspector.
<ul> <li>The Council via the Programme Officer will write to representor's informing them of the hearing start date (at least 6 weeks in advance of commencing).</li> </ul>	Selected participants will receive a programme (via the Programme Officer) for hearing sessions including matters/issues and the Inspector's Guidance Note.
<ul> <li>The Council can ask the Inspector to recommend main modifications to make Plan sound or comply with other legal requirements.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>The hearing sessions are public and anyone can observe even if they haven't been selected to participate.</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Inspector issues a report at the end of Examination in Public.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Further information regarding the Examination in Public process can be found within the <u>Planning</u> <u>Inspectorate Procedure Guide for</u></li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Exceptionally, the Inspector will recommend the draft Local Plan to be withdrawn if it has not</li> </ul>	<u>Local Plan Examinations</u> (February 2021).

Key stages of production	Your opportunities for involvement
been prepared in accordance with the Duty to Cooperate or it is likely to be found unsound.	
<ul> <li>Adoption</li> <li>Local Plan is adopted by the Council.</li> <li>The Council publishes a post adoption statement.</li> </ul>	The Council will notify those registered to receive notifications through our planning policy consultation database and those who submitted. representations at Regulation 19 Stage of receipt of the Inspectors Report and the date the Local Plan will be taken to Council for adoption.
Monitoring	
<ul> <li>Local Plan policies are monitored against objectives and indicators and are reported within the Council's Authority Monitoring Report.</li> </ul>	

3.3 Epsom and Ewell Borough Council does not formulate or consult on local plans in respect of minerals and waste management development. This is the responsibility of Surrey County Council (SCC) in its capacity as the Minerals and Waste Planning Authority. The SCC website contains further information about the <u>minerals and waste policies and plans</u>.

#### 4.0 Supplementary Planning Documents

- 4.1 Supplementary Planning Documents (SPDs) may cover a range of issues, both thematic and site specific, which support policies in the Local Plan. They do not set new policy or allocate land. Whilst SPDs are adopted formally by the Council and are material considerations in the determination of planning applications, they do not form part of the development plan and are not subject to independent examination.
- 4.2 The Council has produced several SPDs which can be accessed on the Council's website.
- 4.3 The Council is committed to involving the community in the preparation of these documents, but the level and scope of consultation will vary according to the nature of the document being produced. The preparation of an SPD is different to preparing a Local Plan Document. The Government sets out statutory consultation requirements that the Council must follow. Key statutory stages and opportunities for community involvement are set out within Table 3. It is recommended that Table 3 is read in conjunction with <a href="Part 5">Part 5</a> of the Town and Country Planning Regulations 2012 (as amended).

Table 3 – SPD Key Stages of Production

Key Stages of SPD Production	How we will consult	Your opportunities for involvement
Initial Background Work  The Planning Policy Team will carry out research to identify the issues and relevant policy context as part of evidence gathering.	Where necessary (for example to satisfy government guidance), preliminary consultations will be carried out prior to the publication of draft SPDs.	Sign up to our planning policy consultation database to receive notifications of consultations.
Regulation 12 & 13: Publish the draft SPD for consultation  The Planning Policy Team will undertake public consultation on the draft SPD for a period of 4 weeks.	Electronic versions of the consultation documents will be made publicly available on the Council's website.	Review the draft SPD  Submit a formal representation to the Council outlining your comments, support or objection

	<ul> <li>Hard copies of the main consultation documents for reference use will be made available during normal opening hours at the Town Hall and libraries within the local planning authority area.</li> <li>Consultation notifications will be sent via email to, specific consultation bodies, general consultation bodies and, to anyone who has registered to our planning policy consultation database.</li> </ul>	
Finalise SPD	Not applicable	Not applicable
The Planning Policy Team will review all the representations submitted during consultation and make any changes to the SPD where justified.  The Council will produce a	Not applicable.	Not applicable.
statement setting out how it consulted on the draft SPD, the issues raised and how the SPD has been amended to address relevant issues.		
Regulation 14: Adoption of the SPD The SPD is adopted by the Council. The Council publishes an	The Council will notify those who submitted representations of the date the SPD will be taken to Council for adoption.	Not applicable.
adoption statement.		

#### **5.0 Other Policy Documents**

#### **Sustainability Appraisal Scoping Report**

- 5.1 The first stage of the sustainability appraisal is to consider the scope of the appraisal process. It includes a review of other relevant plans, policies and programmes that relate to the local area; information on the present state of the local environment (the baseline); a discussion of the local sustainability issues and a series of sustainability objectives that must be considered when preparing Development Plan Documents (DPDs) such as the Local Plan.
- 5.2 Consultation will be undertaken on the draft Scoping Report. The Environmental Assessment of Plans and Programmes (SEA) Regulations (2004) require that local authorities consult:
  - The Environment Agency
  - o Natural England; and
  - Historic England

#### **Neighbourhood Plans and Neighbourhood Development Orders**

- 5.3 The production of Neighbourhood Development Plan is led by the local community. You and or your community may be interested in producing a 'Neighbourhood Plan' which enables your community to shape local development in your area. It is a way for communities to decide the future of the places where they live and work by having more of a say in where new homes, businesses, shops and community facilities should be placed in their local area, along with being able to allocate sites for development. Where they choose to, local people can draw up a plan or a development order.
- 5.4 Neighbourhood Plans allow communities to establish general planning policies for the development of land in their defined area. A neighbourhood plan comes into force as part of the statutory development plan once it has been approved at a local referendum. This means that the Council and planning inspectors will need to take the plan into consideration when making planning decisions.
- 5.5 Neighbourhood Development Orders (including community right to build orders) grant planning permission for a specific type of development in a particular area. This could be either a particular development or a particular class of development such as housing or retail.

- 5.6 Neighbourhood Plans and Neighbourhood Development Orders can be prepared by a duly constituted 'neighbourhood forum'.
- 5.7 It is important to note the Council's role is to provide advice and support to groups developing a plan. It is the Neighbourhood Forum that is responsible in creating and holding public consultation and engagement in its preparation up to submission of the final draft ('proposed submission') plan.
- 5.8 The Council has produced more detailed guidance in relation to Neighbourhood Planning for use by the community which can be accessed on our neighbourhood planning webpage.
- 5.9 The stages of the Neighbourhood Plan preparation and how you can get involved are set out in the Table 4.

**Table 4: Statutory Stages of Neighbourhood Plan Production** 

Key stages of production	Your opportunities for involvement	
Define the Neighbourhood area and establish a Neighbourhood Forum	Proposals for a new Neighbourhood Forum and Neighbourhood Area will be consulted on.	
Approval of Neighbourhood area from Local Planning Authority (LPA)	N/A	
Preparing the draft Plan	The Neighbourhood Forum is responsible for the preparation of the plan. This includes the gathering of evidence, consultation with the community (including residents, organisations / institutions e.g., schools, business community, interest groups) and the writing of the Plan.	
Regulation 14: Presubmission publicity and consultation	The Neighbourhood Forum is responsible for the consultation of the plan. The consultation must be publicised, so that it is brought to the attention of people living, working and undertaking business in the neighbourhood area.	
Regulation 16: Submission of a Neighbourhood Plan to Epsom and Ewell Borough Council	Epsom and Ewell Borough Council will advertise and run this consultation. It will be publicised on the Council's website and the council will organise for the consultation documents to be available at locations within the designated neighbourhood area.	
Examination	Epsom and Ewell Borough Council will collate the responses alongside the submission documents and send them to the independent examiner.	
	It is not expected that the examination will include a public hearing, although an inspector can use this forum if it is considered necessary to ensure adequate	

Key stages of production	Your opportunities for involvement	
	examination of an issue or to give a person a fair chance to put a case.	
	You will therefore be contacted directly, if relevant to participate at this stage.	
Referendum	Epsom and Ewell Borough Council is the electoral authority. Referendum documents will be compiled by the Council. These documents will be made available on the Council's website and are a regulatory requirement.	
	If you are a resident within the Neighbourhood Forum area who is on the electoral register, you can vote as part of this referendum.	
Adoption	The Council will notify those who submitted representations of the date the Neighbourhood Plan will be taken to Council for adoption.	

#### **Community Infrastructure Levy**

5.10 The CIL Regulations enable local planning authorities to raise funding for new infrastructure by levying a charge on new development within their area. The Community Infrastructure Levy (CIL) is an important mechanism for the Council and its partners to fund infrastructure provision to mitigate the impact of new development within the Borough.

#### Charging Schedule

- 5.11 The Community Infrastructure Levy (CIL) is a levy that local authorities can charge on developments in their area. CIL income can be used to fund additional infrastructure required to support new development including roads, schools, green spaces and community facilities.
- 5.12 The levy is charged in pounds (£) per square metre on new floorspace (measured as gross internal area) of any type of development which has a CIL rate set in the Charging Schedule (plus indexation as set out in the CIL Regulations). The Council adopted its CIL Charging Schedule on the 29 April 2014. Each year the Council update the figures (in January) for each

- development type to ensure they are charged at the correct indexation. The CIL charging schedule will be reviewed in tandem with the preparation of a New Local Plan.
- 5.13 Further information regarding the operation of CIL in the Borough can be found on our <u>website</u>.
- 5.14 The stages of the preparing an updated CIL Charging Schedule are set out in Table 5 and should be read in conjunction with Part 3 of the CIL Regulations (as amended).

**Table 5: CIL Charging Schedule Key Stages of Production** 

Key stages of production	How we will consult	Your opportunities for involvement
Initial Evidence Gathering  The Planning Policy Team will carry out research and evidence work to inform the proposed levy rates to be set out within the Draft Charging Schedule.	Not applicable	Sign up to our planning policy consultation database list to receive notifications of consultations.
Regulation 16: Publish the CIL Draft Charging Schedule for consultation  Public Consultation  The Planning Policy Team will undertake public consultation on the Draft charging Schedule for a period of 6 weeks	Statutory Requirements:  The draft charging schedule, relevant evidence, statement of the representations procedure and statement of how to view hard copies will be made publicly available on the Council's website  Hard copies of the draft charging schedule, relevant evidence and statement of the	Review the Draft Preliminary Charging Schedule Submit a formal representation outlining your comments, support or objection

Key stages of production	How we will consult	Your opportunities for involvement
	representations procedure will be made available for inspection at the Town Hall and libraries within the planning authority area	
	Send a copy of the draft charging schedule and statement of representation procedure to Local Planning Authorities (that adjoin the Charging Authority's area) and Surrey County Council and all Neighbourhood Forums within the borough	
	Notification to be sent to persons who are resident or carrying on business in its area, appropriate voluntary bodies and bodies which represent the interests of persons carrying on business in the charging authority's area.	
Regulation 19: Submission of CIL Draft Charging Schedule to Examiner	Statutory Requirements:  All submission documents will be electronically available on	The Council will notify those registered to receive notifications through our planning policy consultation database, elected
Final Draft Charging Schedule Submit CIL Draft Charging Schedule, evidence base and representations	the Council's website and reference copies will be made available at the Town Hall and libraries within the planning authority area	Members and those who submitted representations that the CIL Draft Charging Schedule has been submitted for Examination

Key stages of production	How we will consult	Your opportunities for involvement
received during Regulation 16  Submit statement setting out the representations made during Regulation 16 and a summary of the main issues raised by representations and how they were taken into account  The Council will then wait for the Planning Inspector to set the timetable for the Examination of the Charging Schedule.	Give notice to those persons who requested to be notified of the submission of the CIL Draft Charging Schedule	
Regulation 25: Approval & Publication of CIL Charging Schedule  CIL Charging Schedule is adopted by the Council and	Statutory Requirements:  Publish CIL Charging Schedule on the Council's website	The Council will notify those registered to receive notifications through our planning policy consultation database, elected
published	Make the CIL Charging Schedule available for inspection	Members and those who submitted representations that the CIL Charging Schedule has been approved
	Give notice to those persons who requested to be notified of the approval of the CIL Charging Schedule	

#### 6.0 Planning Applications

- 6.1 The council is responsible for processing and determining planning applications within the Borough. It is at the planning application stage where specific, detailed decisions are made about the use of land or a building. Planning applications are determined in accordance with the Development Plan unless there are material considerations that indicate otherwise. The National Planning Policy Framework represents up-to-date government planning policy and is a material consideration that must be taken into account where it is relevant to a planning application or appeal.
- 6.2 The council does not determine or advise on planning applications relating to County Matters (such as mineral processing and waste disposal), where Surrey County Council (SCC) acts as the Minerals and Waste Planning Authority. SCC also advise on and determine Regulation 3 planning applications (where land is controlled by SCC and SCC are funding the development). Further information about the process for these type of application can be found on the SCC website.
- 6.3 The council is not primarily responsible for the consultation and publicity of applications determined by SCC, which is handled by SCC under their own SCI. Details of SCC determined planning application are, however, entered onto the statutory register.

#### **Pre-Application Advice**

- 6.4 Seeking pre-application advice from the planning authority gives applicants the opportunity to discuss the principle of the development proposals with an officer. It also enables officers to identify any potential issues and provides a number of benefits:
  - Providing an opportunity to better understand how an application will be judged against the policies in the development plan and other material considerations.
  - Identifying, at an early stage, where there is a need for specialist input such as with regard to listed buildings, trees, landscape, green infrastructure and natural green space noise, health, contaminated land or archaeology.
  - Providing the opportunity to modify a proposal to make it potentially more acceptable to the Council and anticipating other regulatory requirements.
  - Improving the design and quality of the finished scheme.
  - Indicating at an early stage if a proposal is unacceptable, saving the cost of pursuing a formal application.

- Avoiding rejection at registration stage or early refusal of permission because of inadequate or insufficient information.
- Allowing discussions on and the preparation of legal agreements, where appropriate, in advance of an application being received and for negotiations to consider land value constraints.
- 6.5 Larger and significant or complex planning applications may also require involvement of external statutory bodies such as Surrey County Council (as the Local Highway Authority and Lead Local Flood Authority), the Environment Agency, Natural England, Historic England, National Highways and water companies who operate their own pre-application advice services. The Local Planning Authority will advise if contact should be made directly with these bodies when providing their written response.
- 6.6 Under the Freedom of Information Act, the Council may consider preapplication submissions, which are commercially sensitive, as confidential. A public interest test will be applied to decide whether a proposal can be deemed as confidential. Should the information fall outside of this category or a planning application is submitted on the site for a similar scheme, the information may be made available to the general public.
- 6.7 Further information on our pre-application service can be accessed on our website.

#### **Planning Performance Agreements**

6.8 A Planning Performance Agreement (PPA) is a project management tool that the applicant and the Council can use to agree timescales, actions and resources for handling particular applications. It covers the pre-application stage as well as the application and post application stages. PPAs are useful for setting out an efficient and transparent process or determining large and/or complex planning applications. They encourage joint working between the applicant and the council and can help to bring together other parties such as statutory consultees. For more information on PPAs can be accessed on our website.

#### Pre application consultation

6.9 The Council considers it very important that the local community is involved in the development management process as early as possible. The Council therefore encourages applicants of major development proposals, significant or sensitive sites to engage with the local community before a planning application

- is submitted to ensure that issues are identified and that applicants have the opportunity to make appropriate amendments to their scheme.
- 6.10 It is important to note that pre-application consultation with the community is dependent on applicants. The Council can only encourage and not require developers to involve the local community and planning applications cannot be refused if a developer refuses to involve the local community.

#### **Publicity of planning applications**

- 6.11 When a planning application is submitted to the Council, it will be considered against a validation checklist to ensure the correct documents have been submitted. The local validation list is available on our <a href="website">website</a>. When validation is successful, a planning application will be registered and allocated to a Planning Officer.
- 6.12 Planning applications are subject to statutory consultation requirements which are primarily set out in the Town and Country Planning (Development Management Procedure) Order 2015 (as amended) and in <a href="Planning Practice Guidance">Planning Practice Guidance</a>. The council will comply with the statutory requirements which are summarised in Table 6 for specific types of development.
- 6.13 In addition to the publicity set out in these tables the Council will also consult those bodies set out the Town and Country Planning (Development Management Procedure) Order 2015 (as amended) or <a href="Planning Practice-Guidance">Planning Practice Guidance</a>.

Table 6: Statutory Publicity Requirements for Planning Applications

Type of development	Statutory Publicity requirement
Major Development:	
Residential developments involving 10 or more homes, or the development is to be carried out on a site having an area of 0.5 hectares or more and it is not known whether the	Details of valid application entered on statutory register
development comprises 10 or more homes.	Press advert
Other development:1000m² for more floor space or site area of 1.0 hectares or more.	Site notice and neighbour notification letter

Applications subject to Environmental Impact Assessment which are accompanied by an Environmental Statement.	Details of valid application entered on statutory register  Press advert  Site notice and neighbour notification letter
Application that is a departure from the Local Plan.	Details of valid application entered on statutory register  Press advert  Site notice and neighbour notification letter
Minor Development: Residential development: involving less than 10 homes.	Details of valid application entered on statutory register
Other development: floor space is less than 1000m².	Site notice or neighbour notification letter
Change of use applications.	Details of valid application
Householder developments	Details of valid application entered on statutory register
	Site notice or neighbour notification letter
Applications for listed building consent where works to the exterior of the building are proposed	Details of valid application entered on statutory register
	Press advert Site notice
Development affecting the setting of a Listed Building or affecting the character of a Conservation Area.	Details of valid application entered on statutory register
	Press advert

	Site notice

- 6.14 For developments requiring a press advertisement, advertisements are placed in the local printed press to advise of new development proposals in the area. These appear in the newspaper on a weekly basis.
- 6.15 For developments requiring a site notice to be displayed, the site notices are printed by the Council and displayed on the site for the period specified in the legislation (typically 21 days) and the first date of display is recorded by the case officer. It is the applicant / land owners' responsibility to maintain these notices for the consultation period.
- 6.16 For developments requiring neighbour notification of an application, this is in the form of a letter giving brief details of the proposal, details of where and when the application may be seen, and the last date for comments (normally 21 days from the date of the letter). Letters are addressed to 'the occupier/owner'. Neighbour notifications are sent to any neighbouring property that shares a common boundary with the land subject to the proposed development. For major or significant schemes, the Council may, at its discretion, notify the occupiers of more properties.

#### **Viewing / commenting on a Planning Application**

- 6.17 Planning applications can be viewed on the Council's <u>website</u> or at the Town Hall during opening days/hours. Anyone can view and make comments on planning applications online via the planning application search register.
- 6.18 Comments can also be submitted via email / post. Representations received cannot be treated in confidence and will form part of the public planning application file which (subject to the Data Protection Act) is available online, or, for inspection by appointment for 'live' files, at the Town Hall.
- 6.19 All representations that are valid planning issues, will be taken into account in the decision-making process and will be summarised. Representations should be sent into the Council before the end of the consultation period, which will be the last of the neighbour notification, site notice or press advertisement periods. Where an application is considered at Planning Committee any late representation will also be brought to the attention of the committee.

#### **Determining planning applications**

6.20 Following review and analysis of all the information and submissions to a development proposal, a report is prepared on the acceptability of the

- development. The decision as to whether or not to grant planning permission is made either under delegated powers by the Head of Place Development, or by the Planning Committee.
- 6.21 Once a planning application is determined, a Decision Notice is issued. This is either a Notice of Refusal or a Notice of Approval and is sent to the applicant or their agent. A copy of the officer report is made available on the council's website, in addition to the Decision Notice.
- 6.22 Further information on how planning applications are determined, including statutory time limits for determining planning applications is detailed in the planning practice guidance.

#### **Notification of planning appeals**

- 6.23 In accordance with Section 78 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990, there is a right of appeal against most local authority decisions on planning permission and other planning decisions, such as advertisement consent, listed building consent, prior approval of permitted development rights, and enforcement.
- 6.24 Once an appeal is received by the Planning Inspectorate and validated, they will determine the type of appeal procedure to be followed notifying the planning authority and applicant. The three appeal procedures are:
  - Written representations
  - Hearing
  - Public Inquiry
- 6.25 The Council as the planning authority is required to notify interested parties on the application in writing of any planning appeal that has been made within a prescribed time period which varies based on the type of application that is subject to appeal and the appeal procedure being followed. Interested parties are those individuals formally notified of the planning application in writing in accordance with statutory publicity requirement (see Table 6 and paragraph 6.15) and those that made comments on the application subject to the appeal.
- 6.26 The letter sent by the Council will confirm that any representations made on the application subject to the appeal will be sent to Planning Inspectorate and the appellant, and will be considered by the Inspector when deciding the appeal. The letter will also set out how representations can be withdrawn and where applicable the date by which additional representations can be made.

- 6.27 Further information on planning appeals can be accessed from the following links:
  - <a href="https://www.gov.uk/guidance/appeals">https://www.gov.uk/guidance/appeals</a>
  - <a href="https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/planning-appeals-procedural-guide/procedural-guide-planning-appeals-england">https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/planning-appeals-procedural-guide/procedural-guide-planning-appeals-england</a>

# 7.0 Appendix A – Specific and General Consultation Bodies and Duty to Co-Operate Organisations for the purposes of Plan Making

#### **Duty to Co-operate Organisations**

- 7.1 The following are organisations which Epsom and Ewell Borough Council has a duty to cooperate with in accordance with Part 2 of the Town and Country Planning (Local Planning) (England) Regulations 2012. Where the organisation (bodies) listed cease to exist, successor bodies will be consulted:
  - Surrey County Council
  - Mole Valley District Council
  - Elmbridge Borough Council
  - Reigate and Banstead Borough Council
  - London Borough of Sutton
  - Royal Borough of Kingston Upon Thames
  - The Environment Agency
  - Historic England
  - Homes England
  - Clinical Commissioning Groups
  - NHS England
  - Highways England
  - Transport for London
  - Coast to Capital Local Enterprise Partnership
  - Local Nature Partnership (Surrey Nature Partnership)
  - Civil Aviation Authority

#### **Specific Consultation Bodies**

- 7.2 Organisations who have been identified under the requirements of the town and Country Planning (Local Planning) (England) Regulations 2012 that may have an interest in the proposals within a Development Plan Document are set out below. There is duplication with the prescribed authorities for the purposes of the Duty to Cooperate requirements as set out above. Where bodies listed cease to exist, successor bodies will be consulted:
  - Surrey County Council
  - Mole Valley District Council

- Elmbridge Borough Council
- Reigate and Banstead Borough Council
- London Borough of Sutton
- Royal Borough of Kingston Upon Thames
- The Coal Authority
- Homes England
- Natural England
- The Environment Agency
- Historic England
- Network Rail Infrastructure Ltd
- Highways England
- NHS Trusts and Clinical Commissioning Groups
- Utility companies including gas and electricity, sewage and water, and telecommunications operators
- Police and Crime Commissioner

#### **General Consultation Bodies**

- 7.3 In addition to the specific consultation bodies listed above, the council/ qualifying body will involve as many people and groups as possible in preparing Development Plan Documents and Supplementary Planning Documents in the categories below:
  - voluntary bodies some or all of whose activities benefit any part of the local planning authority's area,
  - bodies which represent the interests of different racial, ethnic or national groups in the local planning authority's area,
  - bodies which represent the interests of different religious groups in the local planning authority's area,
  - bodies which represent the interests of disabled persons in the local planning authority's area,
  - bodies which represent the interests of persons carrying on business in the local planning authority's area.
- 7.4 In the context of the five categories detailed above, general consultation bodies can include:
  - Local political parties / associations
  - Older persons groups
  - Religious groups

#### Agenda Item 4 Appendix 1

- Transport providers / operators
- Housing interest groups
- Gypsy and Traveller and Travelling Show people groups / organisations
- The Crown Estate
- Civic Societies
- Environmental Groups
- Youth Group, schools and colleges

#### 8.0 Glossary

Conservation Areas are areas of special architectural or

historic interest, that are desirable to preserve and enhance.

Community
Infrastructure Levy

(CIL)

A levy that local authorities can choose to charge on new developments in their area. The charges are based on formula relating to the size and type of new development and

money can be used to fund infrastructure.

Development Plan Documents which set out the policies and proposals for the

development and use of land.

Duty to Cooperate The National Planning Policy Framework and Localism Act 2011 places a statutory requirement on Local Planning Authorities, County Councils, and public bodies to actively engage on an on-going basis during the Local Plan preparation in the context of strategic cross boundary matters.

Evidence Base Information gathered by the Local Planning Authority to

support the Local Plan and other Development Plan

Documents.

Environmental

**Impact** 

Assessment (EIA)

A procedure to be followed for certain types of project to ensure that decisions are made in full knowledge of any likely

significant effects on the environment.

Habitats Regulations Assessment (HRA) Requires 'appropriate assessment' of plans and projects that are, either alone or in combination with other plans and projects, likely to have a significant impact on national and international designated sites. The designation, protection and restoration of European sites is embedded in the Conservation of Habitats and Species Regulations 2017, as amended, which are commonly referred to as the 'Habitats

Regulations'. The most recent amendments (the

Conservation of Habitats and Species (amendment) (EU Exit) Regulations) take account of the UK's departure from the EU.

Listed Building A Statutory Listed Building is a building of special

architectural or historic interest.

Local
Development
Document

The collective term for Development Plan Documents (DPDs),

Supplementary Planning Documents (SPDs) and the

Statement of Community Involvement (SCI)

Local Development Scheme (LDS) Provides a project plan identifying which development plan documents will be produced and when.

National Planning Policy Framework (NPPF)

Introduced in 2012 and subsequently amended, this framework sets out the government's planning policies and how these are expected to be applied.

Neighbourhood Development Order

An order made by a local planning authority through which parish

councils and neighbourhood forums can grant permission for specific development proposals or classes

of development.

Neighbourhood Plans Neighbourhood Plans are a way for communities to allocate land for new homes, shops or offices to be built, and to have a say on what those new buildings should look like and the type of infrastructure which would be provided.

Planning Policy Consultation Database Consultation database maintained by the planning policy team which includes anyone who has requested to be consulted on the preparation of planning policy documents.

Qualifying Body

A designated neighbourhood forum

Sustainability Appraisal (SA) Process to appraise policies to ensure they reflect sustainable development objectives (i.e. social, environmental and economic factors) that are required to be undertaken for all Development Plan Documents.

Strategic Environmental Assessment (SEA) A generic term used to describe environmental assessment as applied to policies, plans and programmes. The European 'SEA Directive' (2001/42/EC) requires a formal 'environmental assessment of certain plans and programmes, including those in the field of planning and land use'.

Supplementary Planning Documents (SPDs) Provide supplementary information in respect of the policies in Development Plan Documents. They do not form part of the Development Plan and are not subject to independent examination.

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# **Consultation Statement**

# Statement of Community Involvement July 2022

**Epsom & Ewell Borough Council** 

#### Persons consulted on the Draft Statement of Community Involvement

- 1.1 The draft Statement of Community Involvement (June 2022) was subject to consultation for a period of four weeks between 6 June and 4 July 2022. Copies of the draft document were made available to view at the following locations during opening hours:
  - Epsom Town Hall
  - Libraries within the borough (Ewell Court Community Library, Stoneleigh Community Library, Ewell Library, Epsom Library)
- 1.2 The consultation was promoted on the Councils main consultations webpage (see Appendix 1) in addition to the Council's Planning Policy webpages and the Council's Planning Policy Consultation Platform (Appendix 2).
- 1.3 Representations were invited using the council's planning policy consultation platform (Appendix 2), by email or post.

#### Consultation emails

1.4 The Council notified all individuals and organisation registered to be consulted on Planning Policy consultations. The planning policy consultation database covers a wide range of stakeholders including local residents, businesses, statutory bodies such as English Heritage and civic groups such as the Epsom Society. In total, there are approximately 1,065 contacts on the database, with the majority being contacted by email, although 217 letters were sent as we do not hold email details for all individuals.

#### Comments received during the consultation

1.5 A total of 19 individuals and organisations responded to the draft SPD. The comments made are summarised in Appendix 3 along with an officer response and how (where necessary) changes have been made to the document.

### Appendix 1 – Promotion of Consultation on councils main consultation webpage



#### Consultations

Effective, efficient and worthwhile consultation is at the heart of our commitment to the community. We encourage people to engage with us to help us improve our services and provide value for money.

#### Current consultations

#### Statement of Community Involvement

The Statement of Community Involvement (SCI) has been updated and provides information about how people and organisations can get involved in the development of local planning policy, planning application processes and neighbourhood planning at specific (statutory) stages.

Details of the draft Statement of Community Involvement can be viewed on the **dedicated website**. &

Hard copies of the document can be viewed at libraries in the Borough and the Town Hall.

The consultation will remain open until the 4th July 2022. Comments can be submitted using the dedicated website page above. Alternatively if you are unable to use this website, you may comment by emailing your comments to <a href="mailto:LocalPlan@epsom-ewell.gov.uk">LocalPlan@epsom-ewell.gov.uk</a>. or by letter to the Planning Policy Team at the town hall address:

• Town Hall, The Parade, Epsom KT18 5BY

#### Appendix 2 - Consultation Portal draft SCI 2022 webpage



My Profile Log out

#### Draft Statement of Community Involvement 2022

#### Consultation ends in











#### Have your say on a new draft Statement of Community Involvement

Epsom and Ewell Borough Council (EEBC) would to invite you to give your views on a new draft Statement of Community Involvement (SCI) which is due to replace the current 2019 version.

The purpose of the SCI is to explain how people and groups can get involved in the creation of local planning policy, neighbourhood planning and the planning application decision making process.

The SCI has been updated to provide more information about how people and organisations can get involved in the development of planning policy documents at specific (statutory) stages of their development. The Council is currently preparing a new Local Plan for the borough and we are at the evidence gathering stage.

The core changes to the document are that it has been restructured with greater use of tables to demonstrate how people can get involved at different stages of the plan making process. In addition, the document has been amended to reflect changes to the Community Infrastructure Levy (CIL) Regulations, which have removed the need to consult on a Preliminary Draft Charging Schedule.

The Chapter of the SCI that relates to planning applications has been amended so that it focuses on when individuals / organisations can engage in the planning application process, notably during the statutory consultation period. The document also clarifies how the council will publicise planning applications to satisfy legislative requirements and addresses some contradictions within the current document.

The consultation will end at 11:59pm on 4 July 2022.

We look forward to your input. For further information please see please contact Localplan@epsom-ewell.gov.uk

#### Timeline



Opened 6 Jun 2022 at 00:00



Closes

4 Jul 2022 at 23:59

#### Consultation Documents



SCIMAY2022



SCIMAY2022

## Appendix 3 – Draft Statement of Community Involvement – Summary of Consultation Responses and Officer Comments

Respondent	Response Summary	Officer Comment
Natural England	We are supportive of the principle of meaningful and early engagement  Unable to comment, in detail, on individual Statements of Community Involvement.	Noted
Runnymede Borough Council	No comments	Noted
Atkins on behalf of Vodaphone Plant Enquiries	For consultations on planning applications please include a site location address, 12-digit grid reference and site location plan.	Noted and request not relevant to the SCI consultation.
Waverley Borough Council	No comments.	Noted
National Highways	No comments on SCI document.  National Highways (formerly Highways England) has not, to date, been consulted with regards to the Epsom & Ewell local plan but we will engage fully with any consultation that it sent to us.	Noted
Reigate and Banstead Council	<ul> <li>We find the draft informative and clear. However, there are a couple of areas which may require some further consideration:</li> <li>1). The Public Sector Bodies (Websites and Mobile Applications)</li></ul>	Noted

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Respondent	Response Summary	Officer Comment
	2). There are many tools available including digital tools that would increase audience exposure to the consultations. You may also want to consider how the consultation materials and response mechanisms would work on laptops or Smart phones. You may want to look at this in terms of a separate communications and engagement strategy	
Surrey County Council	1). In paragraph 2.5 of the SCI, please reference the Minerals and Waste Consultation Protocol which was adopted in April 2022. This protocol sets out how the MWPA and Surrey's district and borough councils cooperate to ensure minerals and waste management development are considered during the preparation of local plans and determination of planning applications. Appropriate reference would also be helpful in the context of minerals and waste management safeguarding.	Text added as a new paragraph 2.6.
	2). Please consider changing the wording in paragraph 6.2 of the SCI as follows:  "The council does not determine or advise on planning applications relating to County  Matters (such as mineral processing and waste disposal), where Surrey County Council (SCC) acts as the Minerals and Waste Planning Authority. SCC also advise on and determine Regulation 3 planning applications (where the land is controlled by SCC and SCC are funding the development). Further information about the process for these types of applications can be found on the SCC website.  The council is not primarily responsible for the consultation and publicity of applications	Paragraph 6.2 amended, and a new paragraph 6.3 added to contain this information.

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Respondent	Response Summary	Officer Comment
	determined by SCC, which is handled by SCC under their own SCI. Details of SCC determined planning applications are, however, entered on the statutory register."	
	3). The MWPA suggests adding the following wording either after paragraph 3.1 or table 5 of the draft SCI: "The council does not formulate or consult on local plans in respect of minerals and waste management development. This is the responsibility of Surrey County Council (SCC) in its capacity as the Minerals and Waste Planning Authority. The SCC website contains further information about the minerals and waste policies and plans."	Text added as a new paragraph 3.3 after Table 2.
Transport for London	Thank you for consulting Transport for London (TfL). We note that TfL is listed as one of the Duty to Cooperate organisations in Appendix A of the revised SCI. We look forward to continuing engagement with the Borough Council as your planning policies are developed and updated.	Noted
Environment Agency	We have developed an external consultation list and guidance setting out what types of planning consultations we wish to be consulted on. This is to ensure that we are only consulted on the correct types of proposed development, as defined in the Development Management Procedure Order (DMPO) and current Government planning policy.	Noted
	We will provide planning service responding to local plan consultation, pre application and planning application consultations focused on the following topics:	

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Respondent	Response Summary	Officer Comment
	Providing environmental evidence and guidance to inform the type of development and need to be supported with the right environmental infrastructure	
	<ul> <li>Flood risk management and climate change         – careful design and location of new development informed by the latest flood maps and climate change allowances</li> </ul>	
	Protection and enhancement of the water environment – river restoration and groundwater protection	
	Promotion of sustainable waste management	
	Joining up the planning and permitting process so issues/opportunities are highlighted early, for example at waste management sites	
Historic England	Welcome the opportunity to comment on the SCI as a statutory consultee in the preparation of development plans and certain planning applications.	Noted
	Sustainability Appraisal – whilst a statutory consultee for Strategic Environment Assessment, we do not have the capacity to attend workshops. We will respond to correspondence relating to SEA at the appropriate stages.	
Rosebery Housing Association (Deborah Pike)	Chapter 1 – Introduction and Background We have approached Epsom and Ewell Local Authority to collaborate on the procurement of grounds maintenance as the issue is around land	Noted. The adoption of public open space goes beyond the remit of the

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Respondent	Response Summary	Officer Comment
	ownership at the time of the stock transfer when small areas of land (including grass verges and alleyways) were retained by the LA.	Statement of Community Involvement as it is not a planning matter.
	Transfer of these small areas of land has previously been met with opposition.	
	Rosebery would welcome the opportunity to be part of the Local Neighbourhood Plans, where there is adjoining land ownership particularly for the Ruxley and Watersedge to bring about change and make a positive difference for the local community.	Housing Associations can engage in the Neighbourhood Planning Process.
Epsom Civic Society (Margaret Hollins)	We are pleased to note that civic societies are referred to in 7.4. We recognise the challenge to produce a document that meets both the needs of the general public and the statutory requirements and policy recommendations for the Council.	Noted
	We would like to see a more user-friendly, and engaging document that people will find helpful and will want to read.	We have consolidated the document from the previous version to make it more user friendly with all information related to a specific topic (for example supplementary planning documents) contained within a single chapter with no need to cross reference Appendices.
	Table 3 – SPD Key Stages of Production	Text added to Table 3 to reflect that whilst the opportunity to engage in SPDs

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Respondent	Response Summary	Officer Comment
	the introduction of Model Design Codes (which we anticipate will be introduced alongside the new Local Plan as SPDs) will, in our view, necessitate the addition of a separate entry in this Table for design codes.	is generally not applicable prior to consultation on the draft SPD, where necessary (for example to satisfy government guidance), preliminary consultations will be carried out prior to the publication of draft SPDs.
	Sustainability Appraisal (Section 5) Needs to state explicitly that either there is no opportunity for community involvement in this process or what, if any, opportunities exist, eg as regards contributing information for initial background work.	At the Scoping Stage of the SA/SEA there is no opportunity for community involvement. However, there will be the opportunity for the community and other stakeholders to provide comments on the Sustainability Appraisal published alongside the Local Plan at Regulation 18 and Regulation 19 stages. Table 2 has been amended to reflect that the Sustainability Appraisal is part of the evidence base that can be reviewed as part of the Regulation 18 consultation.
	Table 5 - CIL Charging Schedule Key Stages of Production We suggest adding to Table 5 an entry on 'How to get involved with allocation of CIL funds.	Para 5.13 signposts where to find further information on CIL on our website. Details of the CIL Neighbourhood Scheme and Borough Investment Fund can be located here.

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Respondent	Response Summary	Officer Comment
	Section 6 – Planning Applications  Paragraph 6.1: suggest adding 'for development' in the opening sentence so that it reads: "The council is responsible for processing and determining planning applications for development in the Borough."	Not considered to be necessary – all planning applications relate to 'development'
	<b>Table 6:</b> recommend including in Table 6 'Applications to Vary /Remove Planning Conditions' and changing 'Type of development' header to 'Type of Application'.	All applications to vary/remove conditions fall into the same category as the original planning application e.g. an application to vary a condition on a Major application is a Major application in its own right and is advertised as such.
		Change of heading not considered to be necessary.
	Notification of planning appeals (paras 6.22 – 6.26) We recommend that this section should include more details about the appeals procedure and how to get involved, especially regarding publicity requirements for appeals and how and where to access information. We recommend using a separate Table for this.	For those wishing to find out more, paragraph 6.27 of the document signposts two government documents that provide details on the processes and procedures for the planning appeals
	Para 6.25: repetition of 'the (sic) will be sent to'.	Duplicate text removed in para 6.26 (previously 6.25)
	General Consultation Bodies (paras 7.3 and 7.4) We are pleased to note the specific reference to civic societies in para. 7.4. We suggest the addition of 'Sports and Activities Organisations and Groups' which would subsume, among others, the horseracing industry and	The list of potential organisations detailed in para 7.4 is to provide the reader with a limited number of examples

Respondent	Response Summary	Officer Comment
	associated bodies. We would prefer 'will include' as opposed to 'can include', as it gives greater certainty of inclusion to the bodies listed, which in any event are generic, rather specific.	of consultation bodies that meet the criteria detailed in para 7.3.
	Glossary Add 'listed building' and 'conservation area' to the glossary.	Definitions added to the glossary.
	General comments / presentation Currently there's a 35-page narrative that requires perseverance on the part of a reader unfamiliar with the planning system. Based on "What do people need?" we suggest a one-page executive 3 summary at the beginning	The document has been consolidated from previous versions and provides the information on specific planning documents in one chapter. We therefore do not consider that an executive summary is necessary.
	We also recommend	
	<ul> <li>use of colour coding on pages to distinguish between Local Plan procedures, planning application procedures, and planning appeal procedures,</li> </ul>	We do not consider this is necessary as the document around core chapters with sub-headings.
	use of flow-charts to aid comprehension and break up the 35-page narrative.	We have used tables to illustrate how documents are produced in accordance with legislative requirements.

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	using new diagrams rather than those in the current SCI some of which are less than helpful.	There are no diagrams within the SCI – we have provided tables to demonstrate how people get involved in specific stages.
	Moving all Tables (1-6) to an Appendix	The document is structured so that all core information relating to specific planning matters is accessible within a defined chapter without the need for the reader to refer to Appendices.
	We recommend identifying examples of good practice as regards accessibility from other local authorities and developing an Easy Read version for persons with learning disabilities.	Noted.
	We like: the use of the second person voice, ie 'you', but note that this is not consistently adopted throughout the document.	Noted – inconsistencies checked and amended where necessary.
Martin Owen	Section 1 - Overall, a useful document. I support it.	Noted
	Section 2 – Table 1 Good use of tables. House written style is generally good but sometimes lapses into formal and passive tense, which reduces crystal clarity, e.g. "Notification emails to Specific Consultation Bodies upon commencement of consultation." Possibly simpler style would be: "We will notify Specific	Noted – some minor changes made to the wording in Table 1.

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	Consultation Bodies by email at the start of the consultation." Maybe authors could check the Plain English Campaign website. This could also reduce redundant phrases like "in order to". It is important you get this right before producing all the other LP-related documents.	
	Para 6.13 - Is there still a local printed press that is widely read? Somewhat archaic form of communication nowadays, but might reach a certain demographic.	It is currently a legal requirement to publish a notice in the printed press.
	Glossary - Qualifying Body - neighbourhood mis-spelt	Typographical error corrected in the Glossary.
Maurice Bacon	Introduction – It is vital that residents believe that their involvement will make a difference and will not feel that decisions have already been taken that they cannot influence or change.	Noted
	Introduction and what is a statement of community involvement This is a valuable statement for the community. Every resident should be given a clear idea of how to communicate effectively with their Council on the vital matters of planning and development.	Noted - the aim of the SCI is to set out clearly how the community can engage in planning.
Natalie Rogers	Why has a new statement of community involvement been prepared?  Can you clarify the LA's philosopy on community involvement, is there an opportunity to be more inclusive in the scope i.e. We want to ensure that all those who live, work, study, worship and volunteer in the borough can be involved in local planning decisions and have the opportunity to collaborate on the preparation of our plans and strategies that shape the places in our borough.	It is considered that paragraphs 1.1 to 1.3 provide some context to the council's approach to community involvement on planning matters with more detail being provided in the subsequent chapters.

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Respondent	Response Summary	Officer Comment
	Why should I / my community get involved in planning?  The public has a right to get involved and the only way that the Council will understand what people's views are, is if they are told by the public this is a misleading statement, on the one hand you suggest the public have a right to get involved yet throughout the policy the LA appears to do no more than the minimum on areas such as neighbourhood planning and preapplication development.	The planning process is heavily legislated and therefore there are defined points when people can engage in the process, such as through formal consultations on Local Plans or during the consultation period for planning applications.  As noted in the SCI Council cannot require developers to undertake consultation prior to the submission of a planning application.  The Council, as the local planning authority, has a duty to support and provide technical advice to any emerging neighbourhood plan, and a responsibility to make timely decisions. The Neighbouhood Forum leads on the preparation of the Neighbourhood Plan, not the Council.
P Beddoe	Chapter 1 – Introduction and What is a statement of community involvement? Understood	Noted

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Respondent	Response Summary	Officer Comment
	Chapter 5 – Sustainability Scoping Report Through the call for sites we have submitted a proposal for a site for inclusion in the Local Plan.	Noted – the Land Availability Assessment (LAA) will contain the list of sites submitted through the Call for Sites. This piece of evidence base is currently being prepared and will be published on our website upon completion.
Peter Webb	Community Infrastructure Levy	
	Para 5.12 Can the CIL charging schedule be viewed by all after its updating in January each year: if so where ?	The latest CIL rates are published on our website: <a href="https://www.epsom-ewell.gov.uk/residents/planning/planning-advice/community-infrastructure-levy-cil-guidance">https://www.epsom-ewell.gov.uk/residents/planning/planning-advice/community-infrastructure-levy-cil-guidance</a>
	What is meant by zones in this sentence: how many and where are the zones in E and E?  What are the criteria for CIL charging: is it applicable to all sizes of development?	Within Epsom and Ewell there is currently one Zone. The text in paragraph 5.12 has been amended to state development type to reflect that the charges for different development types are all uplifted (e.g. residential dwellings, care homes etc).
	At what point in the development application schedule/timeline are CIL charges applied and paid to the council by the developer?	Following CIL liable applications being approved, a liability notice is issued. If exemptions do not apply, CIL would

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Respondent	Response Summary	Officer Comment
	Are CIL receipts to be spent by the council within a certain timeframe e.g. within the year of receipt?	usefully become payable upon commencement of the development although payment phasing may apply dependent upon the total CIL liability. Further information can be accessed on our website: <a href="https://www.epsom-ewell.gov.uk/residents/planning/planning-advice/community-infrastructure-levy-cil-guidance">https://www.epsom-ewell.gov.uk/residents/planning/planning-advice/community-infrastructure-levy-cil-guidance</a> No, CIL revenue is 'pooled' to fund strategic infrastructure. A proportion of CIL received (15%) is available to fund local or smaller infrastructure projects that are required by the community where development took place. Further information is accessible here: <a href="https://www.epsom-ewell.gov.uk/CIL15">https://www.epsom-ewell.gov.uk/CIL15</a>
	Pre-application advice (para 6.8 -)  How many recent pre application advice consultations since 2018 have resulted in the public interest test being used: and what was the result in each case: how and when were they made public?	Information not available.
	Pre-application advice (para 6.8 -)	

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Respondent	Response Summary	Officer Comment	
	Para 6.8 - Although it states that the council can only encourage rather than require developers to engage with the local community before an application is submitted, it should be a requirement that council have to record all efforts to encourage this engagement (minutes of meetings; emails etc) all of which can be in the public domain. The public interest test should be applied here on a case by case basis. Many developers do not consult with the community with the result being consequent objections, delay in proceedings and lack of trust from community in the planning process and LPA. What steps are EEBC LPA doing to encourage and record the steps taken to encourage developers to engage with the local community in every application that is deemed to have a community engagement need?	As noted in the SCI, the Council cannot require developers to undertake consultation prior to the submission of a planning application. It is also the case that the Council is not required to record efforts to encourage engagement; however, the majority of pre-application responses form the Council do encourage engagement with interested parties prior to submission of a planning application.	
	Table 6  Does the LPA consider that all developers fully comply with sending out	The SCI (para 6.16) clarifies instances	
	comprehensive site notification letters to the neighbours: what is the exact requirement here and how is feedback from the neighbours and community acknowledged and registered to the planning application process?	when letter will be sent to neighbours. Paragraph 6.19 clarifies that all representations that are valid planning issues, will be taken into account in the decision-making process and will be summarized.	
	Planning Applications (para 6.13 – 6.15)		
	6.14 Is there a requirement in planning law for the size and location of these site notices? In some cases these are not displayed for the full 21 days, what action will the council take if they are not complied with?	The SCI (para 6.15) provides information on site notices.	

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	6.15 When is the discretion of the council used to notify the occupiers of more properties when a major or significant scheme is proposed? what are the criteria it uses in arriving at a judgment on that?	The SCI (para 6.19) provides information on how representations are considered. The Council is not required to notify additional neighbours through legislation, but uses discretion in cases where, for example, local Members have highlighted a high level of public interest or where there may have been a recent appeal decision.
	Determining Planning applications	
	6.19 How is that decision made to allow it under delegated powers or to go to planning committee: what role is there for call in by councillors in that decision making? Are all objections to an application made public to the committee apart from on the planning portal?	The Terms of Reference of the Planning Committee include responsibility to determine the level of delegation to officers, which is set out in the 'Planning Scheme of Delegation'.
	Notification of Planning Appeals	Scheme of Delegation .
	6.23 Of the three appeal procedures, is one type more likely to be requested by EEBC in any appeals they are involved in?	The appellant requests the appeal procedure upon submission of their appeal. The appeal format will vary depending on the scale and complexity of the application.
	Section 5 – Neighbourhood Plans	
	How will the council LPA encourage other wards and areas of the borough to form Neighbourhood Forums and develop Plans, are these part of the Development strategy for the borough in the light of future and upcoming	It is up to communities whether they wish to establish a neighbouhood forum to

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	Govt policy to devolve planning down to the local ( community ) level as much as possible . How will Neighbourhood Plans inform the EEBC local plan as its developed	enable them to prepare a Neighbourhood Plan. Policies in a Neighbourhood Plan must be in general conformity with the strategic policies within the adopted local plan.
	5.7 In what form will advice and support be provided to Neighbourhood Forums for developing plans: will there be a dedicated officer with sole responsibility for this advice and support so that it is systematic and sustained over the five year life of the NF/Plan. Will there be advice on holding the public consultations that are a necessary part of forming the NP.	The Council is preparing guidance on this matter to clarify the support the Council will offer to Neighbourhood Planning Groups.
	Chapter 7 - General Consultation Bodies	
	7.3 Would a Neighbourhood Forum be one of the specific consulted bodies in the above lists? Why is SANF not included in the above?	As set out in para 7.2, Specific Consultation bodies are defined in legislation. Neighbourhood Planning Groups will be notified of planning policy consultations.
Roy Gilbert	Our property (address redacted) shares a common boundary with a property (address redacted) but we did not receive a Neighbour Notification about their loft conversion plans (Building work started this year). Who is/would be responsible for ensuring these notifications are sent to all interested parties?	The development in question is permitted development and therefore a planning application was not required.  A certificate of lawfulness was applied for and issued for the development in question. There are no notification
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Respondent	Response Summary	Officer Comment
		requirements for lawful development certificates as the only consideration is whether or not the proposal was 'permitted development'.
Yufan Si	Section 2 – Getting Involved in Planning	
	Could the council please publish the list of consulting organisations mentioned in 2.8 and 2.9 for each key documents such as Local Plan? For compliance and due diligence reasons and public can notify if certain bodies might have a conflict of interests therefore not suitable to be giving fair and impartial advices.	Anyone can register to receive notifications of planning policy consultations in the borough. There are some organisations that we are required to consult to comply with legislation. These organisations are detailed in Appendix A.
	Section 3 - Table 2 - Statutory Stages of Local Plan	
	There is currently not enough information and transparency on Local Plan to the public. For instance, timeline published on the console website is incorrect. We need more updated timelines. In addition, most locals are not aware of such plan is happening. Better public awareness campaign via social media and transitional media/leaflets is needed.	The Local Plan timetable was adopted by the Councils Licensing and Planning Policy Committee on the 26 April 2022. This document is published on our website and sets the stage the council is currently at in developing its new local plan.
		The council will raise awareness of the Local Plan prior to formal public consultation stages.

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Respondent	Response Summary	Officer Comment
	Section 6 - Table 6 - Statutory Publicity Requirements	
	It should not be the developers decision as to if they would like to involve the local community and who they would alert for the planning application. Council should do more to properly inform the public of the upcoming applications, to make sure every household that might be directly and indirectly impacted (for instance houses that would be indirectly impacted due to a new development affecting school catchment, GP services and road congestion etc). There are many vulnerable people who don't use Facebook or WhatsApp will be completely missing out)	Any interested person may register for notifications within a geographical area using the application search function on the Council's website.
	Section 6 - Pre-Application Advice (para 6.3-6.6)	
	Could you please provide a list of all the sites submitted an interest for development during the "call for sites" local plan stage earlier this year?	The Land Availability Assessment (LAA) will contain the list of sites submitted through the Call for Sites process. This piece of evidence base is currently being prepared and will be published on our website upon completion.

#### Agenda Item 4 Appendix 2

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